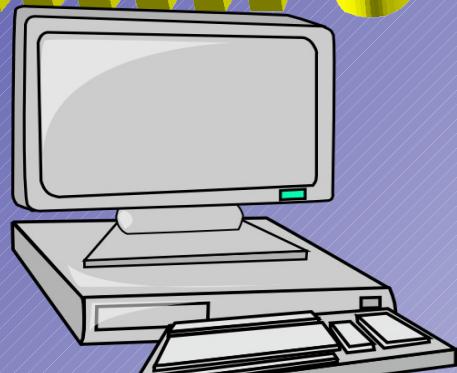




Information and Communication Technology:

A LITTLE MORE ABOUT THE COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

The COMMUNICATION Technology



presented by: Rhiza S. Sadjad

rhiza@unhas.ac.id <http://www.unhas.ac.id/rhiza/>

Communication Model

Shannon and Weaver [1949], simplex mode

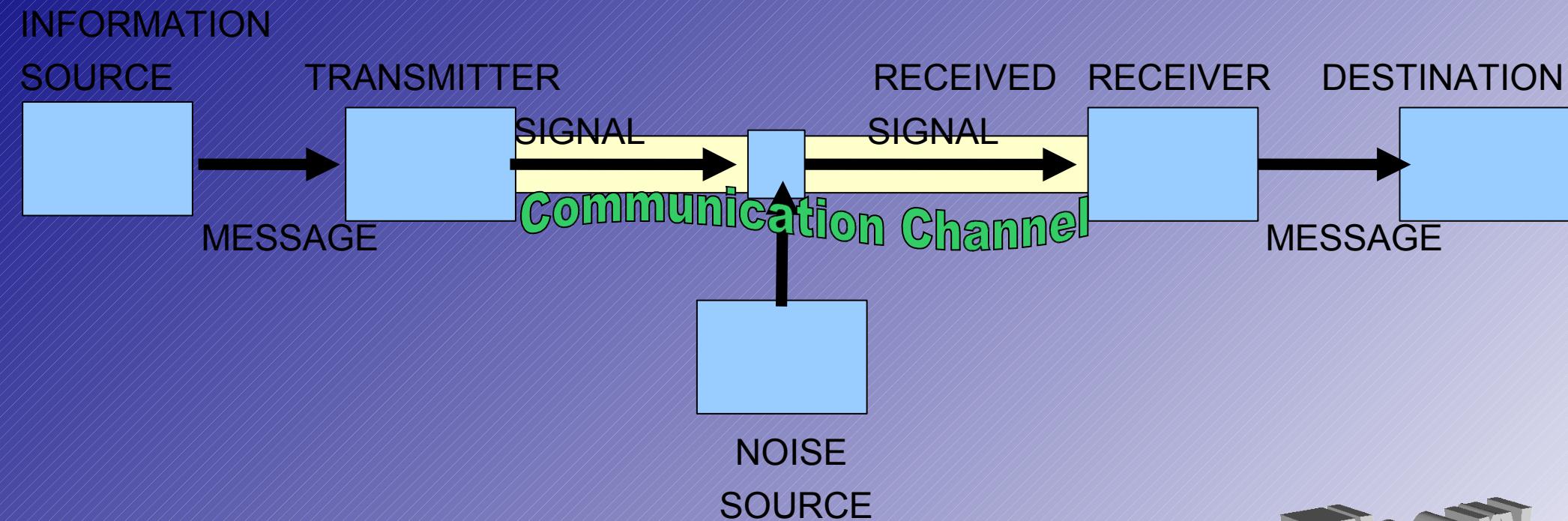
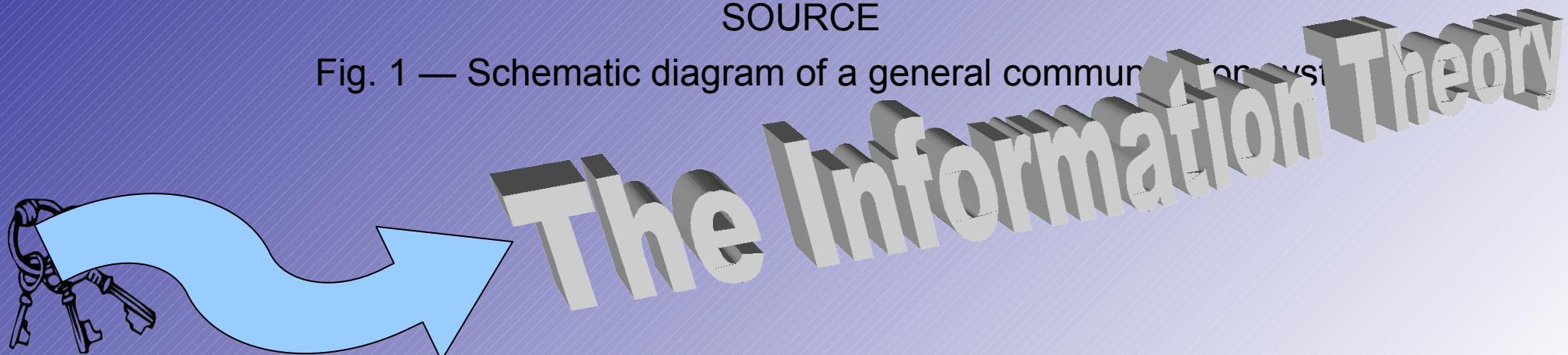


Fig. 1 — Schematic diagram of a general communication system



The MODEs of Communication

Shannon and Weaver [1949], simplex mode

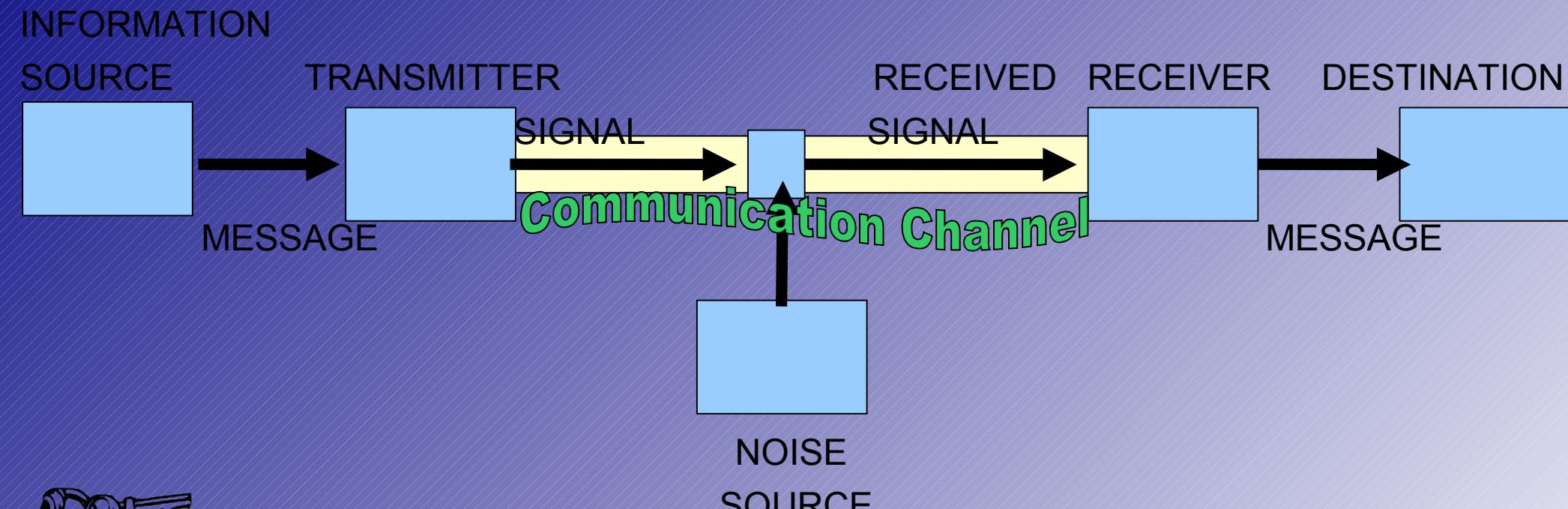
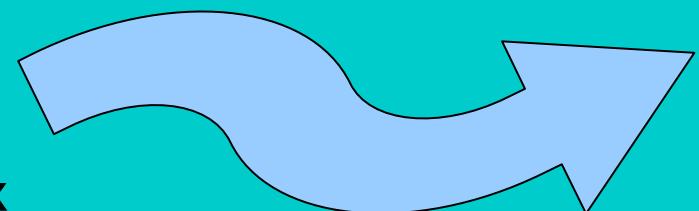


Fig. 1 — Schematic diagram of a general communication system.



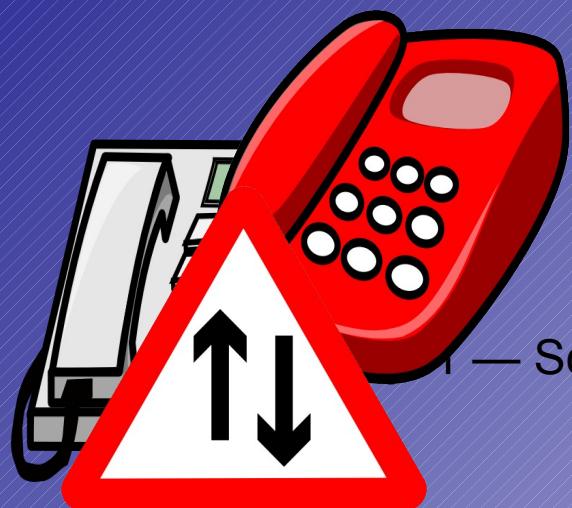
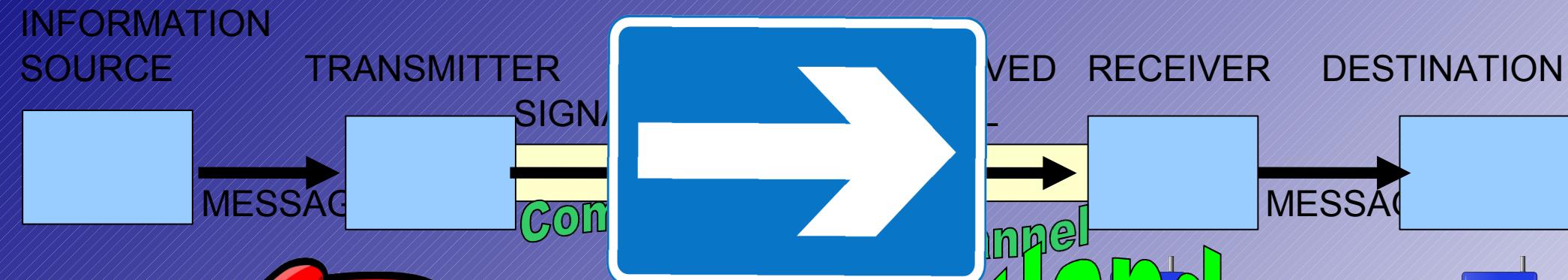
The MODEs of Communication:

- The SIMPLEX MODE (the model above)
- The DUPLEX MODE: Full Duplex and Half Duplex

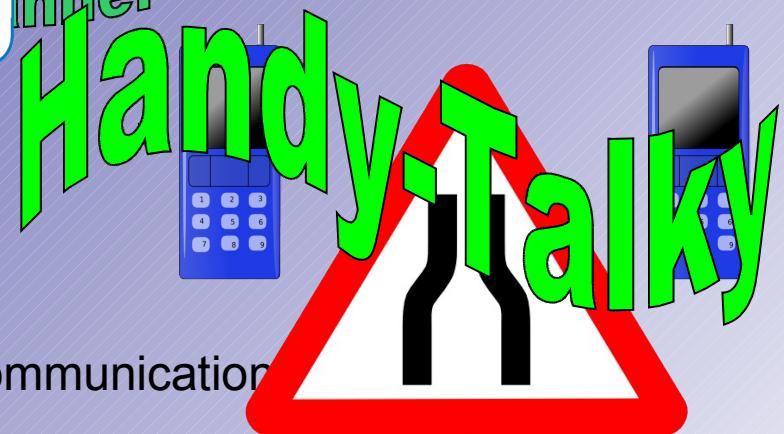


The MODEs of Communication

Shannon and Weaver [1949], simplex mode



— Schematic diagram of a general communication



FULL-DUPLEX (two SIMPLEXes)

HALF-DUPLEX (two SIMPLEXes, one at the time)

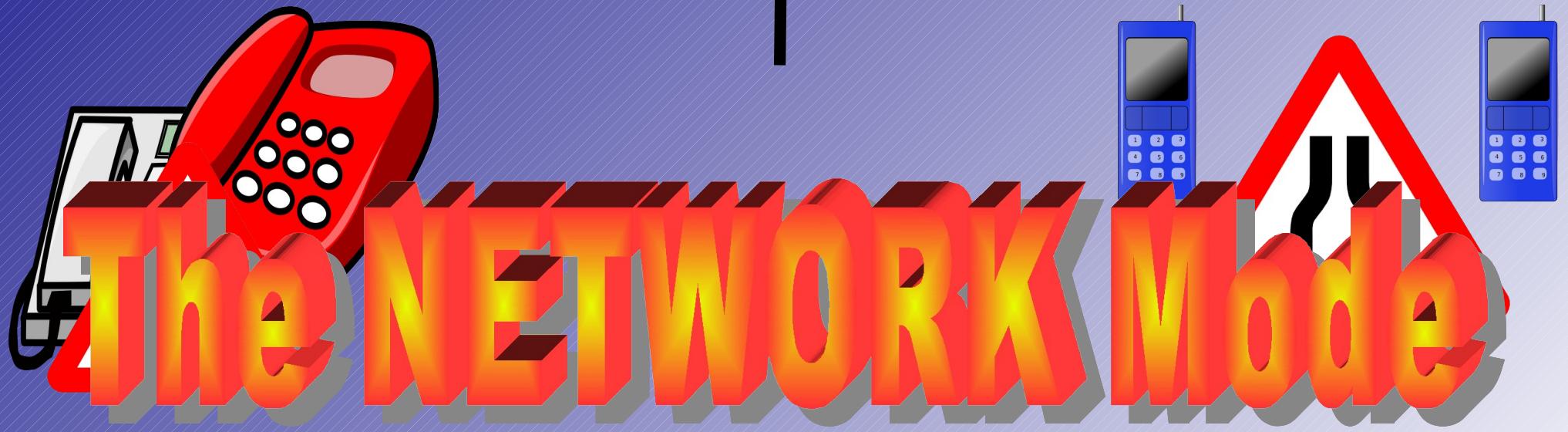
SINGLE-SOURCE SINGLE-DESTINATION

The MODEs of Communication

not a simplex mode

not a full-duplex

not a half-duplex, but
the NETWORK !



MULTI-SOURCE MULTI-DESTINATION

*The **NETWORK** mode*

Open **NETWORK**



MODE JARINGAN (Network)

All kinds of NETWORK:

LOCAL AREA NETWORK (LAN)

WIDE AREA NETWORK (WAN)

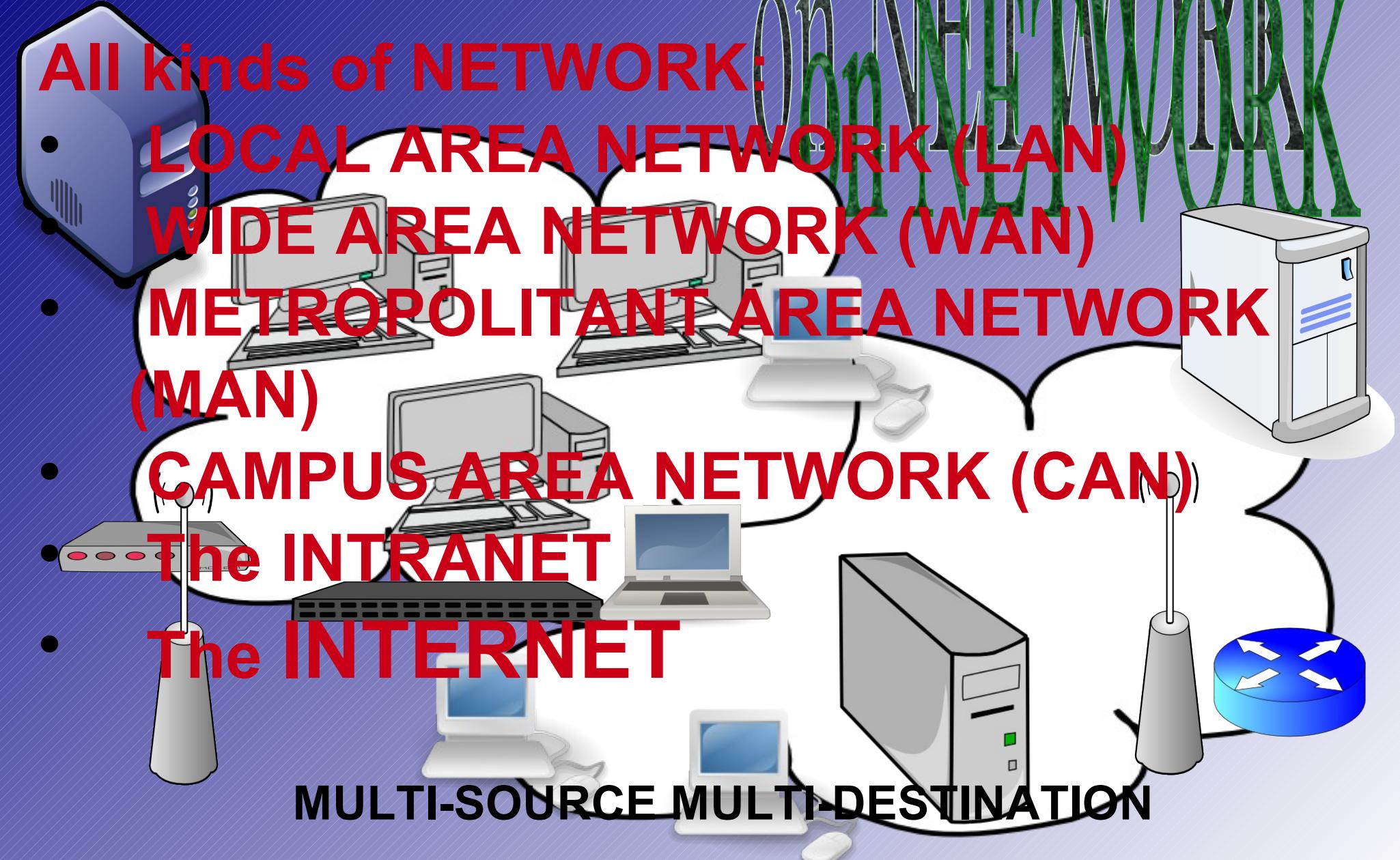
METROPOLITANT AREA NETWORK
(MAN)

CAMPUS AREA NETWORK (CAN)

The INTRANET

The INTERNET

MULTI-SOURCE MULTI-DESTINATION



The INTERNET

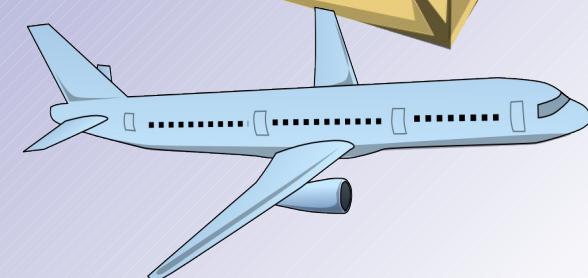
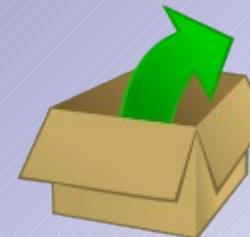
- Read :
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/History_of_the_Internet
- A “non-hierarchical” organization
- Members: Computers and the Accessories
- “Permanent” and “Temporary” members
- Every single member has its "IP address"
(IP = Internet Protocol) :
 - Versi 4: 000.000.000.000 to
255.255.255.255, "local" and "public" IP
 - Ipv6 (versi 6)

The INTERNET member.....

- Every single member of the Internet has its specific function:
 - *servers*: mail-server, file-server, web-server, list-server, Domain-Name Server (DNS), dll.....
 - *routers*: the traffic controllers
 - *bridges*: connecting networks
 - *terminal, client*
 - etc.

Packet Data Communication

- Using a communication protocol: **TCP/IP**
- Communication by sending and receiving **DATA PACKETS**
- Each DATA PACKET has its **CONTENTS** and its "WRAPPER", its SENDER's **Address** and its DESTINATION/RECEIVER's Address



Let's Go ...

to seethe

Internet