

time

SIMULINK
 $v_c(t)$

spreadsheet

* Untuk SIMULINK, $\epsilon = 10^{-3}$ → $\epsilon = 10^{-4}$
 $\epsilon = 10^{-5}$
 $\epsilon = 10^{-6}$

$t(\text{sec})$	$v_c(t)$ ANALITIK	$v_c(t)$ SIMULINK	ERROR %
0	10	10	0
⋮	⋮	⋮	⋮
1	1	1	1

MATLAB

MATLAB

$$\text{ERROR} = \left| \frac{v_{c \text{ ana}} - v_{c \text{ sim}}}{v_{c \text{ ana}}} \right| \times 100\%$$

Solusi analitik

~~EXACT~~

$$v_c(t) = 10 e^{-t/RC}$$

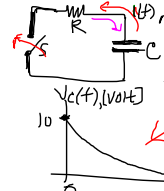
Referensi

TUGAS 1

Verifikasi SIMULINK

pengaruh nilai "Relative Tolerance" terhadap AKURASI Simulink

Model Pelepasan Muatan Kapasitor



Pada $t = 0$, $v_c(0) = 10 \text{ Volt}$

saklar S ditutup

$v_c(t) = ?$ (Analitik) → SOLUSI pers. differensial

Hukum Ohm:

* Untuk Resistor: $i(t) = \frac{v_c(t)}{R}$ (1)

* Untuk Kapasitor: $i(t) = -C \frac{dv_c(t)}{dt}$ (2)

$$\frac{v_c(t)}{R} = -C \frac{dv_c(t)}{dt}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{dv_c(t)}{dt} = -\frac{1}{RC} v_c(t) \text{ pers. differensial}$$

Analisis (dengan KALKULUS)

$$\int \frac{dv_c(t)}{v_c(t)} = \int -\frac{1}{RC} dt = -\frac{1}{RC} \int dt = -\frac{1}{RC} t + K$$

$$\ln[v_c(t)] = -\frac{1}{RC} t + K$$

$$v_c(t) = e^{[-\frac{1}{RC} t + K]}$$

$$= (e^K) e^{-t/RC} = A e^{-t/RC}$$

$$v_c(t) = A e^{-t/RC}$$

Solusi umum

$$t=0 \rightarrow v_c(0) = 10 \text{ Volt}$$

$$10 = A e^{-0/RC} = A$$

$$\ln x = a$$

$$x = e^a$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{x} = \int \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) dx$$

$$= \ln x$$