

* Solusi pers. keadaan

PD: $\frac{dx(t)}{dt} = ax(t)$, $x(0) = X_0$

Dicari solusi $x(t) = \dots$?

Analisis:

$$\int \frac{dx(t)}{x(t)} = \int a dt = at + C$$

$$\ln[x(t)] = at + C$$

$$e^{\log[x(t)]} = e^{at+C}$$

$$x(t) = e^{at+C} = e^C e^{at} = A e^{at}$$

$$t=0 \rightarrow x(0) = A e^0 = A = X_0$$

Solusi khusus = $x(t) = X_0 e^{at}$ ✓

check:

$$* t=0 \rightarrow x(0) = X_0 e^0$$

$$* x(t) = X_0 e^{at} = X_0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dx(t)}{dt} &= X_0 a e^{at} \\ &= a [X_0 e^{at}] \\ &= ax(t) \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

→ Solusi umum